

## Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A dispersion compensating optical fiber, comprising:  
a relative refractive index profile having
  - a central core segment with a positive relative refractive index ( $\Delta_1$ ) and a core outer radius ( $r_1$ ),
  - a moat segment surrounding the central core segment having negative relative refractive index ( $\Delta_2$ ) and a moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ), and
  - a ring segment surrounding the moat segment having a positive relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ), a ring center radius ( $r_3$ ) to a center of the ring segmentwherein the relative refractive index profile results in
  - total dispersion of less than  $-114$  ps/nm/km and greater than  $-143$  ps/nm/km at 1550 nm, and
  - kappa, defined as the total dispersion at 1550 nm divided by total dispersion slope at 1550 nm, of between 96 and 150 nm.
2. The optical fiber of claim 1 further comprising a kappa, defined as the total dispersion at 1550 nm divided by the total dispersion slope at 1550 nm, of between 107 and 146 nm.
3. The optical fiber of claim 1 further comprising a kappa, defined as the total dispersion at 1550 nm divided by the total dispersion slope at 1550 nm, of between 113 and 127 nm.
4. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein the total dispersion slope at 1550 nm is less than  $-0.7$  ps/nm<sup>2</sup>/km and greater than  $-1.5$  ps/nm<sup>2</sup>/km.
5. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein the total dispersion at 1550 nm is less than -120 ps/nm/km and greater than -143 ps/nm/km.
6. The optical fiber of claim 5 wherein the total dispersion at 1550 nm is less than -120 ps/nm/km and greater than -138 ps/nm/km.

7. A dispersion compensating module including the dispersion compensating optical fiber of claim 1.

8. An optical fiber transmission system, comprising:

a single mode transmission fiber having a total dispersion between 5 and 14 ps/nm/km at 1550 nm; and

the dispersion compensating fiber of claim 1 optically coupled to the single mode transmission fiber;

wherein for all wavelengths within a transmission wavelength band between 1525 nm to 1565 nm, the transmission system exhibits a residual dispersion of less than  $\pm 10$  ps/nm per 100 km of the single mode transmission fiber.

9. An optical fiber transmission system, comprising:

a single mode transmission fiber having a total dispersion between 5 and 14 ps/nm/km at 1550 nm; and

the dispersion compensating fiber of claim 1 optically coupled to the single mode transmission fiber;

wherein for all wavelengths within a transmission wavelength band between 1525 nm to 1625 nm, the transmission system exhibits a residual dispersion of less than  $\pm 20$  ps/nm per 100 km of the single mode transmission fiber.

10. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein

the core outer radius ( $r_1$ ) of the central core segment is between 1.6 and 1.8 microns; and  
the outer radius ( $r_2$ ) of the moat segment is between 4.6 and 5.0 microns.

11. The optical fiber of claim 9 wherein

the center radius ( $r_3$ ) of the ring segment is between 6.5 and 7.2 microns.

12. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein the ring segment includes a ring width ( $W_r$ ) measured at one-half the relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ) of the ring segment wherein the ring segment is offset from the moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ) by a ring offset ( $X_o$ ) of greater than  $0.75 \mu\text{m}$ , wherein  $X_o = r_3 - r_2 - W_r/2$ .
13. The optical fiber of claim 1 further comprising a core/moat ratio, defined as the core radius ( $r_1$ ) divided by the moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ) of greater than 0.32.
14. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein an effective area ( $A_{\text{eff}}$ ) at 1550 nm is greater than  $15 \mu\text{m}^2$ .
15. The optical fiber of claim 1 wherein  $\Delta_1$  is greater than 1.0 % and less than 2.0 %.
16. The optical fiber of claim 15 wherein  $\Delta_2$  is less than  $-0.3 \%$ .
17. The optical fiber of claim 16 wherein  $\Delta_3$  is greater than 0.3 %.
18. The optical fiber of claim 1 further comprising a ring width ( $W_r$ ) measured at one-half the relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ) of the ring segment of between 1.0 and  $2.0 \mu\text{m}$ .

19. A dispersion compensating optical fiber, comprising:

a refractive index profile having

a central core segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_1$ ) between 2.0 % and 1.5 % and an outer radius ( $r_1$ ) of between 1.6 and 1.8  $\mu\text{m}$ ,

a moat segment surrounding the central core segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_2$ ) of between -0.4 and -0.6 % and a moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ) between 4.6 and 5.0  $\mu\text{m}$ , and

a ring segment surrounding the moat segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ) of between 0.3 and 0.6 %, a ring radius ( $r_3$ ) to a center of the ring segment of between 6.5 and 7.2  $\mu\text{m}$ , and

the refractive index profile results in

a total dispersion of less than  $-114 \text{ ps/nm/km}$  and greater than  $-143 \text{ ps/nm/km}$  at a wavelength of 1550 nm, and

a kappa, defined as the total dispersion at 1550 nm divided by the dispersion slope at 1550 nm, of between 96 and 150 nm.

20. A dispersion compensating optical fiber, comprising:

a relative refractive index profile having

a central core segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_1$ ) between 1.5 % and 2.0 % and an outer radius ( $r_1$ ) of between 1.6 and 1.8  $\mu\text{m}$ ,

a moat segment surrounding the central core segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_2$ ) of between -0.4 and -0.6 % and a moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ) between 4.6 and 5.0  $\mu\text{m}$ , and

a ring segment surrounding the moat segment with a relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ) of between 0.3 and 0.6 %, a ring radius ( $r_3$ ) to a center of the ring segment of between 6.5 and 7.2  $\mu\text{m}$ , a ring width ( $W_r$ ) measured at one-half the relative refractive index ( $\Delta_3$ ) of the ring segment of between 1.0 and 2.0  $\mu\text{m}$  and wherein the ring segment is offset from the moat outer radius ( $r_2$ ) by a ring offset ( $X_o$ ) between of between 1.0 and 1.7  $\mu\text{m}$

wherein  $X_o = r_3 - r_2 - W_r/2$ , and

the relative refractive index profile results in

a total dispersion of less than  $-114 \text{ ps/nm/km}$  and greater than  $-143 \text{ ps/nm/km}$  at a wavelength of 1550 nm,

a total dispersion slope of less than  $-0.7$  and greater than  $-1.5 \text{ ps/nm}^2/\text{km}$  at a wavelength of 1550 nm; and

a kappa, defined as the total dispersion at 1550 nm divided by the dispersion slope at 1550 nm, of between 96 and 150 nm.